

1 Foot Challenge

This challenge is for homeowners / property owners to plant Ohio native pollinator friendly plants. We are asking you to take 1 square foot (12" x 12") of your property per year and turning it back into an Ohio native pollinator friendly area to feed the pollinators. If you accept this challenge, we will provide you with an 18" x 24" sign to show others what your doing and to start a conversation with your neighbors on saving this precious resource that impacts everyone.

Please use your area resources to find out more on planting Ohio native plants & trees.
OSU Defiance Extension Office - 6879 Evansport Rd., #B, Defiance, 419.782.4771
Defiance County Soil & Water Conservation - 6879 Evansport Rd., #C, Defiance, 419.782.8751

Below you will find helpful tips for planning your pollinator garden and to think like a pollinator. Your welcome to contact Jamie Walters - 419.438.7335 to sign-up for this program or ask any questions you may have.

Thank you for saving the pollinators...



Planning your garden – think like a pollinator.

Go Native. Pollinators are "best" adapted to local, native plants, which often need less water than ornamentals.

Bee Bountiful. Plant big patches of each plant species (better foraging efficiency.)

Bee Showy. Flowers should bloom in your garden throughout the growing season. Plant willow, currant, and Oregon grape for spring and aster, rabbit brush and goldenrod for fall flowers.

Bee Patient. It takes time for native plants to grow and for pollinators to find your garden, especially if you live far from wild lands.

Bee Gentle. Most bees will avoid stinging and use that behavior only in self-defense. Male bees do not sting.

Bee Chemical Free. Pesticides and herbicides kill pollinators.

Bee Sunny. Provide areas with sunny, bare soil that's dry and well-drained, preferably with south-facing slopes.

Bee Homey. Make small piles of branches to attach chrysalis or cocoons. Provide hollow twigs, rotten logs with wood-boring beetle holes and bunchgrasses and leave stumps, old rodent burrows, and fallen plant material for nesting bees. Leave dead or dying trees for woodpeckers.

Bee a little messy. Most of our native bee species (70%) nest underground so avoid using weed cloth or heavy mulch.

Bee Aware. Observe pollinators when you walk outside in nature. Notice which flowers attract bumble bees or solitary bees, and which attract butterflies

Bee Friendly. Create pollinator-friendly gardens both at home, at schools and in public parks. Help people learn more about pollinators and native plants.

Bee Diverse. Plant a diversity of flowering species with abundant pollen and nectar and specific plants for feeding butterfly and moth caterpillars.

